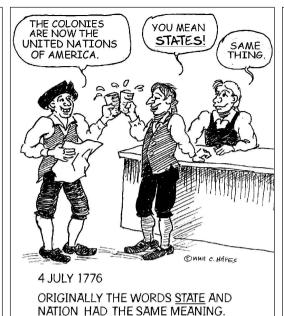
CHAPTER 1

CAUSES
Why Did the War Occur?



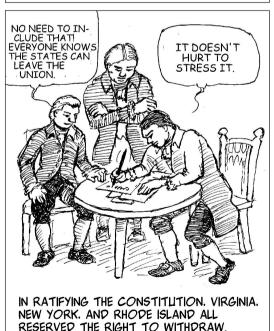
His majesty acknowledges the said United States, viz., New Hampshire, Massachusetts Bay, Rhode Island and Providence Plantations, Connecticut, New York, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Delaware, Maryland, Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina, and Georgia, to be FREE, SOVEREIGN AND INDEPENDENT STATES. He treats with them as such.

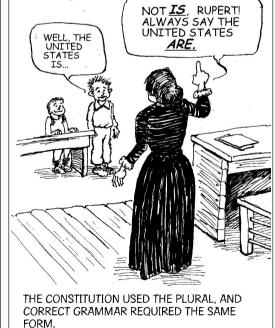
George III

SEPTEMBER 3, 1783

IN THE TREATY ENDING THE AMERICAN REVOLUTION, KING GEORGE RECOGNIZED EACH OF THE THIRTEEN COLONIES AS AN INDEPENDENT STATE (NATION).





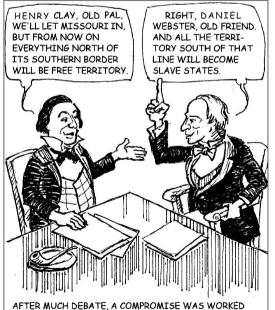






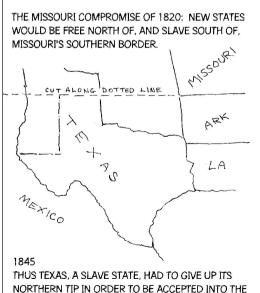


BUT IN 1819, WHEN MISSOURI PETITIONED FOR ADMISSION AS A SLAVE STATE THERE WAS CONSIDERABLE ARGUMENT.



OUT AND MISSOURI WAS ADMITTED AS A SLAVE

STATE.

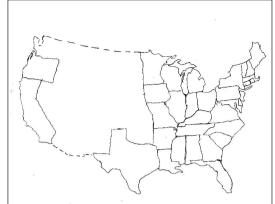


AS FREE OR SLAVE WITHOUT MUCH ARGUMENT.

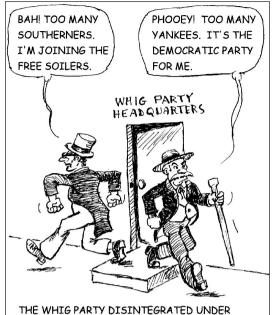


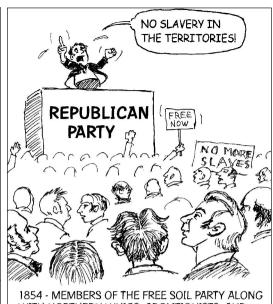
TEXAS, LIKE THE ORIGINAL THIRTEEN STATES, HAD BEEN AN INDEPENDENT NATION, AND, IN ITS TREATY OF ANNEXATION, RETAINED THE EXPLICIT RIGHT TO WITHDRAW.

UNION.



BUT NEW STATES WERE ADDED THAT HAD NEVER BEEN INDEPENDENT NATIONS, AND MILLIONS OF IMMIGRANTS, IGNORANT OF THE FOUNDING PRINCIPLES OF THE UNION, ARRIVED. FOR MANY THE MEANING OF **STATE** BEGAN TO LOSE THE IDEA OF **NATION**.





1854 - MEMBERS OF THE FREE SOIL PARTY ALONG WITH NORTHERN WHIGS, ABOLITIONISTS, AND ANTI-SLAVERY DEMOCRATS MEET TO FOUND A NEW POLITICAL PARTY.

THE ROLE OF RACISM

Racism was not an issue. It is true that the white people of the South thought that their race was superior to any other on earth. The great majority of northern whites felt the same way, and so did Englishmen and other Europeans.

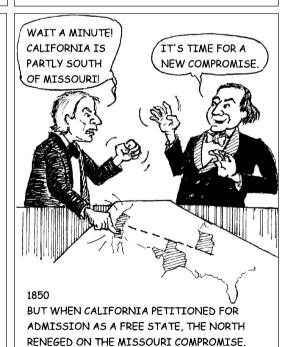
They would feel this way long after the War for Southern Independence was over, well into the twentieth century.

WHY THE REPUBLICANS OPPOSED SLAVERY IN THE TERRITORIES

THE PRESSURE OF THE SLAVERY QUESTION.

"...All unoccupied territory of the United States, and such as they may hereafter acquire, shall be reserved for the white Caucasian race--a thing that cannot be except by the exclusion of slavery."

----From the 1856 Republican
Presidential Platform



THE KANSAS-NEBRASKA ACT OF 1854

ALTHOUGH NORTH OF THE 1820 COMPROMISE LINE, KANSAS WOULD DECIDE BY VOTE WHETHER IT WOULD BECOME A SLAVE OR A FREE STATE.

PRO- AND ANTISLAVERY SETTLERS RUSHED INTO KANSAS IN A RACE TO FORM A MAJORITY.

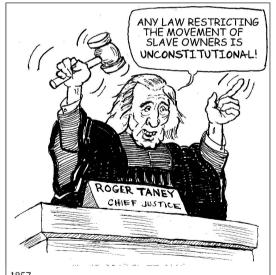


MAY 1856 POTTAWATOMIE CREEK, KANSAS

JOHN BROWN'S GANG HACKS FARMER DOYLE AND HIS FOUR SONS TO DEATH WITH SWORDS.



DESPITE THESE MURDERS, BROWN WAS SHELTERED IN BOSTON BY RESPECTED ABOLITIONISTS, INCLUDING MINISTERS.



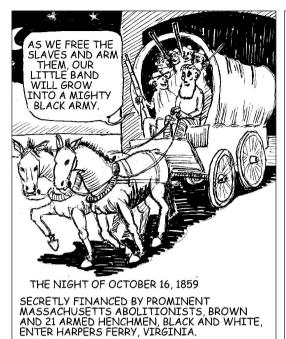
IN THE DRED SCOTT CASE, THE U.S. SUPREME COURT RULED THAT SLAVE OWNERS, WITH THEIR SLAVES, COULD NOT BE KEPT OUT OF ANY TERRITORY. NEVERTHELESS, THE REPUBLICANS CONTINUED TO CAMPAIGN ON THIS ISSUE.

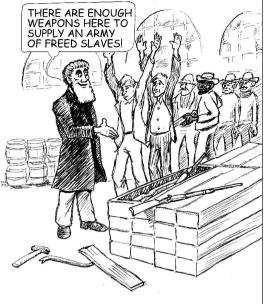




MAKES SURPRISING GAINS IN THE

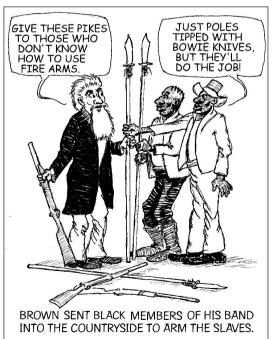
CONGRESSIONAL ELECTIONS.

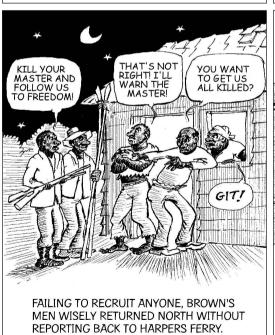


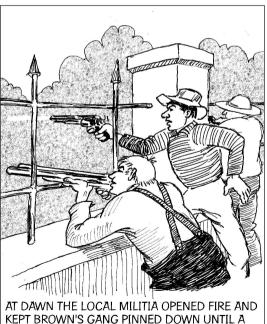


THEY EASILY CAPTURED THE U.S. ARSENAL

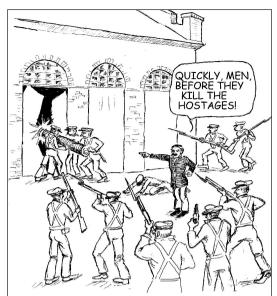




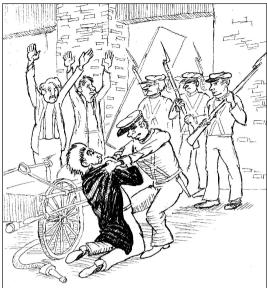




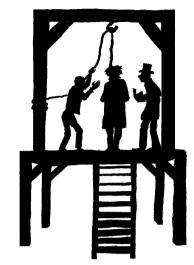
COMPANY OF U.S. MARINES ARRIVED.



HOLDING THEIR FIRE TO AVOID HITTING THE HOSTAGES THE MARINES, COMMANDED BY COL. ROBERT E. LEE, CHARGED WITH BAYONETTES AND A BATTERING RAM.



BROWN AND THE FEW SURVIVING MEMBERS OF HIS GANG WERE CAPTURED. THE HOSTAGES WERE UNHARMED BUT DURING THEIR STAY IN HARPERS FERRY, THE GANG HAD KILLED THE MAYOR, A MARINE, AND A FREE BLACK.



BROWN WAS TRIED IN A STATE COURT FOR TREASON AGAINST VIRGINIA. HE WAS CONVICTED AND ON DECEMBER 2, 1859 HE WAS HANGED.



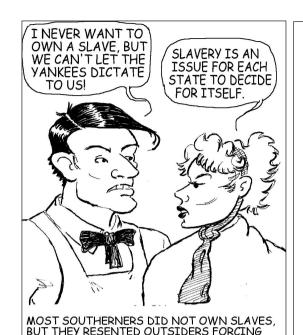
BROWN WAS PRAISED IN MANY NORTHERN NEWSPAPERS, AND SPECIAL CHURCH SERVICES WERE HELD ALL OVER NEW ENGLAND. THE SOUTH WAS SHOCKED MORE BY THE NORTH'S REACTION THAN BY WHAT BROWN HAD DONE.

The U.S. CONSTITUTION Article 4, Section 2, Clause 3

"No person held to service or labor in one state, under the laws thereof, escaping into another, shall, in consequence of any law or regulation therein, be discharged from such service or labor, but shall be delivered up on claim of the party to whom such service or labor may be due."

STATES CONTROLLED BY THE REPUBLICANS WERE NO LONGER FULFILLING THEIR OBLIGATION UNDER THE U.S. CONSTITUTION TO RETURN ESCAPED SLAVES.

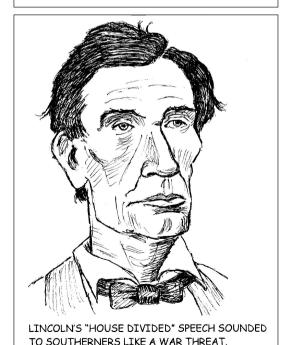




TAXES ON IMPORTS AND EXPORTS

BECAUSE THEY WERE FARTHER FROM THE
NORTHERN FACTORIES, SOUTHERNERS DID
MOST OF THE TRADING WITH FOREIGN
COUNTRIES. TARIFFS WERE THE MAIN
SOURCE OF ALL U.S. GOVERNMENT INCOME,
SO SOUTHERNERS SAW THEMSELVES AS THE
MAIN SUPPORT OF A GOVERNMENT THAT
SEEMED TO CARE LESS AND LESS ABOUT THEM.



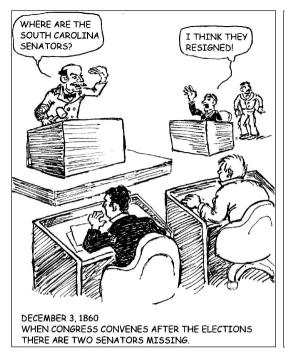


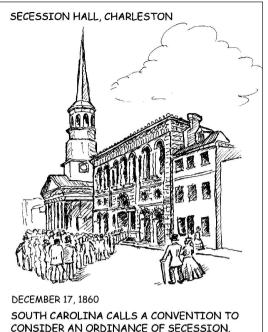
CHANGES ON THEM.

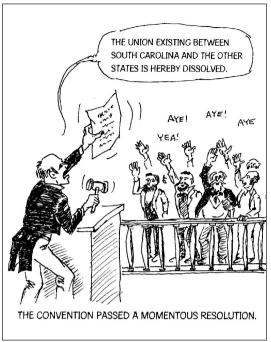
SLAVERY AGITATION WILL NOT CEASE UNTIL A CRISIS SHALL HAVE BEEN REACHED AND PASSED. A HOUSE DIVIDED AGAINST ITSELF CANNOT STAND. I BELIEVE THIS GOVERNMENT CANNOT ENDURE HALF SLAVE AND HALF FREE. I DO NOT EXPECT THE UNION TO BE DISSOLVED -- I DO NOT EXPECT THE HOUSE TO FALL -- BUT I DO EXPECT IT WILL CEASE TO BE DIVIDED. IT WILL BECOME ALL ONE THING, OR ALL THE OTHER.

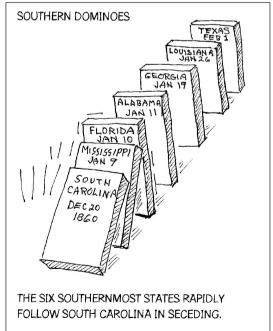
Abraham Lincoln June 16, 1858

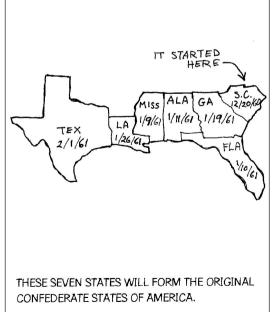










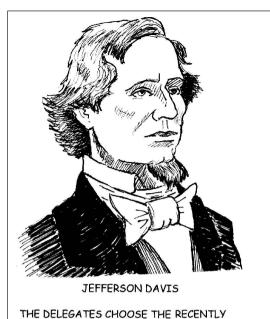


DID THE STATES SECEDE SO THAT THEY COULD KEEP SLAVERY?

No. They didn't have to. Slavery could be ended only by amending the Constitution, which required approval of three-fourths of the states. The fact that there were fifteen slave states made this impossible.

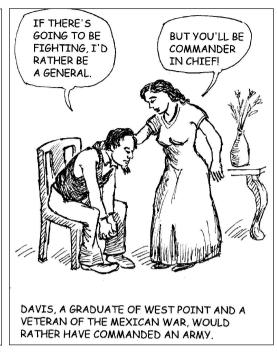
The slavery argument leading to secession was about slavery in the territories, not in the states.

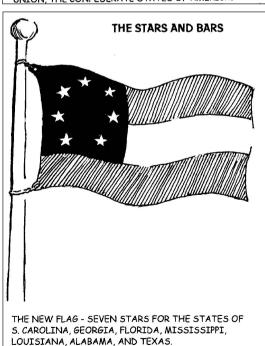




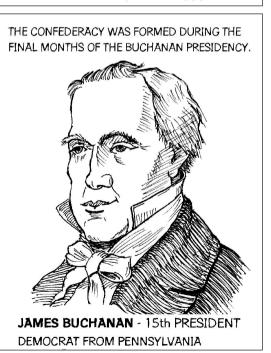
RESIGNED U.S. SENATOR FROM MISSISSIPPI

AS PRESIDENT.



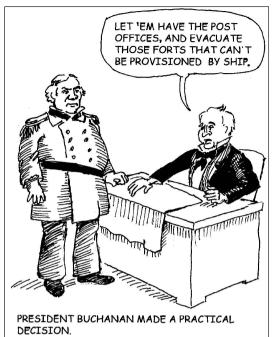






IS FORCIBLY REMOVED FROM HIS OFFICE.

AS THE STATES SECEDED, THEY WANTED THE U.S. TO GIVE OR SELL BACK THE FORTS AND POST OFFICES THEY HAD PREVIOUSLY GIVEN OR SOLD TO THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT.





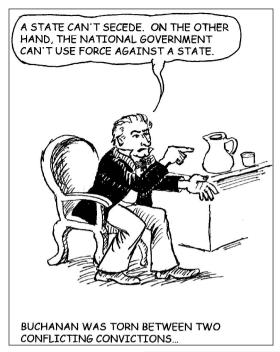






TO WASHINGTON TO NEGOTIATE RELEASING

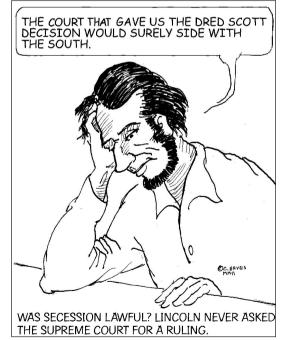
THE REMAINING FORTS.





DID THE STATES HAVE THE RIGHT TO SECEDE?

WE HAVE SEEN HOW THE ARGUMENTS OVER SLAVERY LED SOME OF THE STATES TO SECEDE. NOW THERE WOULD BE A WAR, NOT OVER SLAVERY, BUT OVER SECESSION.



CAUSES for SECESSION OR CAUSES for WAR?

Slavery, regional differences in outlook, and tariffs are usually cited as causes for the war. They were not; they were causes for secession.

The war was caused by Lincoln's refusal to allow the southern states to withdraw peaceably from the union.